BM5268 OPERATOR'S MANUAL

I. Introduction

Welcome to use this product.

BM5268 adopts high-performance MCU processor, it is Great Value as has high reliability, security, automatically setting range funcition, hand-held clamp meter etc.. the product has a large digital protection, data-hold display, full range overload function, undervoltage indication, auto shut off function, it has TRUE RMS measurement which function can accurately measure frequency voltage, non-sinusoidal voltage and inrush current measurement function which can measure inrush current about 80mS RMS, it also has temperature measurement function which can accurately measured -50~1000 $^{\circ}$ C , the instrument is suitable for frequency-converting power supply, air conditioning, refrigeration equipment such as refrigerators, motor performance test, It is more excellent for a new generation of practical electrical measuring instrument

This product is ideal instrument for test, maintenance and repais in college, smelting, communications, manufacturing, petroleum, electric power, national defense, electronic, electric power equipment.

II. Safety standard

The meter in structure complies with the safety requirements of ICE61010-1. Read the instruction carefully as follows before you use the meter:

1. When measuring voltage, AC or DC voltage should not be more than the peak voltage (DC / AC 600V) of the meter.

2. Voltage of less than 36V is safety voltage. When the voltage is more than DC 51V or AC36V, the leads should be checked. The test lead should be connected correctly and their insulating property should be under excellent status against electric shock.

3. When change of functional measuring range, the test lead should be away from test point.

4.It is suggested that for safety the functions and range should be selected correctly although protective function for the full measuring range exists.

5. When measurement of current, the input current shouldn't be more than the maximum current labeled on input end.

6. Safety symbols: Warning!

risk of high voltage and electric shock!

Double insulated.

III. Features

3.1 General

3.1.1The meter is based on CMOS large scale IC and can automatically changed measuring range for measurement of AC/DC voltage, AC, resistance, frequency and capacity, which makes the meter easy to be used.

3.1.2 Display mode: Display by LCD.

3.1.3 Maximum display: 3999

3.1.4 Maximum span of jaw: 30mm.

3.1.5 Auto negative polarity indication: Displaying "-".

3.1.6 Lack of battery power: Displaying "-+".

3.1.7 Auto power OFF

After turning on the instrument and without turning the function switch or pressing any button, the instrument will automatically enter into sleep mode after 10 minutes, to save battery power. when it is in the sleep mode you can press the SELECT key to wake up the instrument. If you don't need the automatic sleep mode, you should hold down the DH key to turn on the instrument, and then the symbol"O" will not be display on the LCD.

3.1.8 Work environment: 0°C-40°C, 75%RH.

3.1.9 Storage environment: -10°C-60°C, 85%RH.

3.1.10 Battery : 9V×1 (IEC6F22, NEDA1604 or JIS006P)

3.1.11External dimensions: 221 (L) \times 75 (W) \times 31 (H) mm

3.1.12Weight: About 240g (including battery's weight)

3.2 Technical specifications

Accuracy: \pm (% reading + digit); calibration term is one year. Ambient temperature: 23°C±5°C; Ambient humidity: ≤70%RH 3.2.1 DCV

0.2.1 001			
Range	Accuracy	Resolutio	Input
		n	impendance
400mV		0.1mV	About $10M\Omega$
4V	\pm (0.8%+2d)	1mV	About $10M\Omega$
40V		10mV	About $10M\Omega$
400V		100mV	About $10M\Omega$
600V	\pm (1%+3d)	1V	About $10M\Omega$

Range	Accuracy	y Resolution Inpu	
			impendance
400mV		0.1mV	About $10M\Omega$
4V	\pm (1.2%+5d)	1mV	About $10M\Omega$
40V	$\pm (1.2/0+50)$	10mV	About $10M\Omega$
400V		100mV	About $10M\Omega$
600V	\pm (1.5%+5d)	1V	About $10M\Omega$

Frequency: 10Hz~1kHz (Warning: Frequency for square wave accuracy is specified from 10Hz to 400Hz), display: TRUE RMS(sinusoidal waveform RMS calibration)

Overload protection:250V at mV range,DC1000V or peak value AC1000V at V range

3.2.3 ACA

Range	Accuracy	Resolution		
4A		1mA		
40A	\pm (2%+10d)	10mA		
400A		100mA		
600A		1A		

AC Conversion Type: TRUE RMS responding, calibrated readings consistent with waveform RMS. Frequency sinusoidal Range:50~60Hz。

3.2.5 Resistance Ω

Range	Accuracy	Resolution		
400 Ω		0.1 Ω		
4k Ω		1 Ω		
40k Ω	±(1%+3d)	10 Ω		
400k Ω		100 Ω		
4M Ω		1k Ω		
40M Ω	$\pm (1.5\% \pm 5d)$	10k Ω		

Overload protection: effective value 220V

3 2 5 Canacitance

J. 2. J Capacitance						
Range	Accuracy	Resolution				
10nF	± (3%+20d)	0. 001nF				
100nF		0.01nF				
1uF		0. 1nF				
10uF	± (3%+5d)	1nF				
100uF		10nF				
1000uF		100nF				
10mF	± (5%+5d)	1uF				

Overload protection: effective value 250V

warning: There is about 20pF dead zone in the 10nF, capacitance below 20pF can not be measured

3.2.6 Frequency

Range	Accuracy	Resolution			
100Hz		0.01Hz			
1kHz		0.1Hz			
10kHz		1Hz			
100kHz	\pm (0.5%+3d)	10Hz			
$1 \mathrm{MHz}$		100Hz			
10MHz		1kHz			
40MHz		10kHz			

Overload protection: effective value 250V. Input sensitivity RMS: effective value 1V.

NOTE: If the voltage of the frequency being measured is above 30V, set the rotary function switch to the ACV measured function and press "SELECT" key to enter voltage frequency measured function, in order to avoid demage the instrument.

3.2.6 DUTY

Rrange	Accuracy	Resolution			
1%~99%	± (0.5%+3d)	0.1%			
Overland protection: effective value 250V					

Overload protection: effective value 250V. input sensitivity RMS: 1V

3 9 8 Temperature

Range	Resolution	Accuracy				
-50∼300°C	1℃	$\pm 1\% \pm 5$				
301∼1000°C	1℃	$\pm 1.9\% \pm 5$				
-58∼600 °F	1 °F	$\pm 1.2\% \pm 6$				
601~1832 °F	1 °F	$\pm 1.9\% \pm 6$				

Temperature sensor: K WRNM- 010 bare contact thermojunction Overload protection: effective value 250V.

3. 2. 9 Forward voltage drop of diode -

Displaying approximate forward voltage values of diode. Measuring condition: forward direct current is 1.5mA; opposite DC voltage is about 3 V.

3. 2. 10 Continuity Test •)))

	In th	e case	that the	resista	nce betw	veen t	wo tes	ted j	points is	less
	than	about	90Ω±2	0Ω ,the	buzzer	will	bring	up	sound.	Test
	condition:Open-circuit voltage is about 0.5V.									
1	\mathbf{w}	morati	~ ~							

IV. Operation

4.1 Instruction for control panel (2) (1)jaws Trigger

(3) Rotary switch: This switch is used to select functions such as current.voltage,capacitance.resistance,temperature,frequency,forward voltage drop of diode, continuity and turn on/off the meter.

"SELECT" button: When press the key continuously, change the (4)range of all function for a proper range you need.

(5) "RANGE" button: One may change the measuring range by pressing this button, press this key to cycle from small to large range of each function

(6) INRUSH:measuring Inrush voltage, current key, in AC measuring function press the "INR" key 2 seconds, it will measure the Inrush value, and show the "INR" symbol in the LCD, INRUSH function can measure current or voltage with the minimum period up to valid values 80mS, in the inrush mode, instrument

automatically enter the manual range function, if the range is unknowed, press RANGE key to the measurement maximum range, first press the INRUSH button 2 seconds again inrush measurement will be resumed, and the "INR" symbol disappear.

"DH" button: The user may hold the present reading and keep it on the display by pressing the "DH" button. Press the button again to concel the data-hold function

(7) LCD display

(8) "V Ω " jack: This is positive input terminal for voltage, resistance frequency, temperature, capacity and diode.

(9) "COM" jack: This is negative (ground) input terminal (10) Barrier



4. 2 Measurement of AC/DC voltage Turn the Rotary switch to "V". Then plug black lead in "COM" socket, and plug red lead in " V/Ω " socket. connect the test lead with the two ends of the circuit and then directly read the reading on the LCD display

NOTE: 1. The inrush measuring funciton can only be change range manually, before the test if the voltage is unknown, manually set the measuring range to 600V and then press the PH key to enter the INRUSH measuring function.

2. Don't measure the peak voltage more than 600V, otherwise it might damage the instrument, if the screen only displays OL, it means that the tested voltage is higher than 600V.

3. Presse the SRLECT key in the ACV function to enter the voltage frequency measurement mode, it can measure the the frequency range from 10Hz to 100KHz with voltage higher than AC 30V~600V.

4.3 AC current measurement

Turn rotary switch to " \sim A" range. Press the trigger, opens the mouth of the clamp, and hold wire (put the wire in the clamp center), read the reading directly

Note:1.INRUSH measuring can only be manually setting range. when the current value being measuring is unknow, turn the rotary and press INRUSH key to entry INRUSH switch to 600A measuring function.

2. When measuring current ,the clamp might hold only one wire, it is null to catch one more another wire

4.4 Measurement of resistance, continuity and forward Voltage drop of diode

Warning! When measurement of resistance or continuity, make sure that no voltage is with the circuit and components.

(1) Turn the Rotary switch to the range of $\Omega/0$. At this time, the meter is reserved at resistance range.

(2) Plug red lead in "V/ Ω " socket, and plug black lead in "COM" socket

(3) Connect the leads with the two ends of the circuit or component, and then read the value of resistance.

(4) Press SELECT key to change the range of **o**)). When the resistance measured is less than about $90\Omega \pm 20\Omega$, the buzzer sounds. This is continuity testing.

(5) When the test lead is under open-circuit or input-overload status, the display will display "OL".

⁽⁶⁾ When measuring diode, press the SELECT key to the function of ₩.

(7) Connect the test lead with the two ends of the diode, and then read the value of forward voltage drop value.

(8) When the test lead is under reverse connection or open-circuit status, the display will display "OL'

Note: a. When the resistance measured is above $1M\Omega$, it needs several seconds for the reading to be stable, it is normal when measuring high resistance.

b. When measuring high resistance, insert the resistance pin directly into the V Ω and COM jack, so as to avoid interference

c. When measuring resistance in a circuit make sure the power to the circuit is turned off and all capcitors are discharged.

4. 5 Measurement of capacitance

AWarning! When measurement of capacity, the measured capacitor should be completely discharged.

(1) Turn the Rotary switch to " $\dashv \vdash$ " function. Plug red lead in "V/ Ω " socket, and plug black lead in "COM" socket.

Warning: The range for capacitor can't be set manually. When the capacity value is large, the time for measurement may be a little longer. a. \triangle Do not take an external

voltage or charged capacitor (especially a large capacitor) connected to the test terminal

When a large capacitor is serious

leakage or breakdown, the measurement value may be instability

4.6 Measurement of frequency / DUTY Ratio (1) Turn the Rotary switch to "Hz" function.if you want to measure DUTY Ratio, Press SELECT key to switch

(2) Plug red test lead in "V/ Ω " terminal and plug black lead in "COM" terminal.

(3) Connect the leads with measured circuit and then read the reading. (4) when the voltage exceeding 30V, please enter the Voltage frequency measurement mode by pressing the SELECT key in the "ACV" measurement function.

4.7 Measurement of temperature Turn the Rotary switch to the function of temperature, then plug the cold end (plug end) of temperature sensor to the V/ Ω and COM socket(black end for COM socket and red end for V/ Ω socket). Place the working end (temperature end) of the sensor on or in the measured object. Then read the temperature value (in $^{\circ}$ C) on the display. If you need to measure that "^OF", presses the SELECT key to switch. **Caution:** When the cold terminal of the sensor isn't inserted into

the meter, the meter might display approximate environmental

temperature. K WRNM- 010 bare contact thermojunction has a limiting temperature of 250°C (300°C for short time). **4.8 NON CONTACT VOLTAGE TESTING** Set the rotary switch at the desired "**7**" range position.NCV and ~symb

ol will be

displayed on the LCD, connect the red test lead to "V Ω " jack and the black test lead

without being connected , hold the red test lead to approach the phase line

of commercial power ,switch,or charge,(hold the red test lead to touc h the metal terminal if it is necessary),the meter will display

" $_$ ", the higher the tested voltage is, the more " $_$ " will be displayed, and the will be displayed, and the buzzer will warning hurrier, If the red test lead touch the conducter, when there is voltage between n

ull line and ground line, much more "
"
"will be displayed when measuring the phase line than th e null line.

1.even if there is no indication, voltage may still exist. Do not judge the wire whether threre is voltage absolutely throught the non contact voltage testing the testing may be effected by many factors such as the socket design, the insulation thickness and types etc.

2. Interference source of external environment, such as flash, motor etc, may false triggle the non contect voltage testing.

A Maintenance of meter Warning! Switch off the power, remove the test lead and any of input signals to prevent electric shock before opening the cover of meter or the cover of battery.

When the meter displays the symbol of (-+), the battery should 51 be changed. Open the battery cover, and then change the used battery with new battery to ensure the normal operation of the meter.

5.2 Keep the meter and the pens clean, dry and non-destructive. Clean cloth or detergent may be used for cleaning the cover of the meter. No grinding agent or organic solvent can be used for the same cleaning purpose.

5.3 The meter should be protected against damage, vibration and impact. It shouldn't be placed where high temperature or intense magnetic field exists.

5.4 Calibrating of the meter is done on a yearly basis.

Ň. Accessories

6.1 Test lead: 1 set

6.2 Users manual: 1 piece

- 6.3 Temperature sensors: 1 set
- 6.4 Cloth bag: 1piece