**BM801A Digital Clamp Meter Operating Instruction**

**Ⅰ. General introduction**

Welcome to use this product!

This product is one kind of 3 1/2 portable multipurpose automatic measuring range instrument, may measure the AC/ DC voltage, the AC current, resistance, frequency, capacitance, continuity test, diode. The measuring appliance is loaded with guards against the surge electric discharge, protect the appliance to be more effective. This measuring appliance structure is exquisite, the operation is easy, it is your ideal test service tool!

**Ⅱ.Safety Rules and Notes**

2.1The instrument design conforms to EN1010-1 1000V CATII

Safety requirements for standards. Please read this manual carefully before use.

警告.jpg Warning, be careful!

危险.jpg Danger of being hit by high-pressured electric!

二次回路.jpgDual insulation protection.

2.2 when measure, do not surpass the greatest stipulated input value.

2.3 In the process of measuring, do not turn switch to change the measuring range at random, in case to destroy the measuring appliance.

2.4The measuring appliance can display the mark while the voltage is bigger than DC36V and AC25V, remind the user that the measured voltage has surpassed the safety voltage, please operate carefully.

2.5measuring appliances should avoid the straight sunlight, the high temperature, and moisture.

2.5after use, must release the power switch to turn off the power

2.7 if it doesn’t use for a long time, should take out the battery, in case the battery leaks to damage the parts.

**Ⅲ. Features**

**3.1General Features**

3.1.1 take the CMOS big scale integrated circuit as the core, in AC / DC voltage, the AC electric current, the resistance, the frequency and the electric capacity measure it can automatically transform the measuring range, making it more convenient.

3.1.2 greatest display: 1999

3.1.3 automatic cathode display: Displays " - "

3.1.4 Maximum span of jaw: 52mm.

3.1.5 batteries insufficient display: Displays “ ”.

3.1.6 Auto power OFF

After turning on the instrument and without turning the function switch or pressing any button, the instrument will automatically enter into sleep mode after 15 minutes, to save battery power. when it is in the sleep mode you can press the any button to wake up the instrument. If you don't need the automatic sleep mode, you should hold down the SELECT button to turn on the instrument, and then the symbol"图形1" will not be display on the LCD.

3.1.7 working condition：0C~40C，75%RH（max）

3.1.8 storage environment：-10C~60C，80%RH（max）

3.1.9 battery ： 3V (AA1.5V×2)

3.1.10External dimensions: 249（L）×89（W）×38（H）mm

3.1.11Weight: About 360g (including battery’s weight)

**3．2Technical index**

Accuracy: ± (% reading + word count) ,

Guarantee period of one year

   Guaranteed accuracy Temperature: 23℃± 5℃

Relative humidity: < 70%.

3．2．1 DCV

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Range | Accuracy | Resolution |
| 200mV | ±(0.5% of rdg + 5 digit ) | 0.1mV |
| 2V | 1mV |
| 20V | 10mV |
| 200V | 100mV |
| 1000V | ±(0.8% of rdg + 5 digit ) | 1V |

Input resistance：about 10MΩ.

Overload protection :DC 1000V.

3．2．2 ACV

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Range | Accuracy | Resolution |
| 2V | ±(1.2% of rdg + 5 digit ) | 1mV |
| 20V | 10mV |
| 200V | 100mV |
| 700V | 1V |

Input resistance ：about10MΩ。 Frequency：10Hz~1kHz.

display：True-RMS(sinusoidal waveform RMS calibration).

Overload protection: 1000V Peak value

警告.jpgCaution：if the measured frequency is above 20V, please press “SELECT” key at AC voltage measuring range to get to the frequency function, then carry on measure。

**3.2.3 ACA**

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| --- | --- | --- |
| Range | Accuracy | Resolution |
| 2A | ±(2%rdg+10digit) | 1mA |
| 20A | 10mA |
| 200A | 100mA |
| 1000A | 1A |

AC Conversion Type： True-RMS responding, calibrated readings consistent with sinusoidal waveform RMS.

Frequency Range:50~60Hz。

3.2.4 resistance Ω

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| range | Accuracy | Resolution |
| 200Ω | ±(0.8% of rdg + 5 digit ) | 0．1Ω |
| 2KΩ | 1Ω |
| 20KΩ | 10Ω |
| 200KΩ | 100Ω |
| 2MΩ | 1KΩ |
| 20MΩ | ±(2% of rdg + 5 digit ) | 10KΩ |

Overload protection ：250Vvirtual value.

Open voltage approximately :1V

3.2.5 **Capacitance**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Range | Accuracy | Resolution |
| 20nF | ±(3% of rdg + 10 digit ) | 0.01nF |
| 200nF | 0.1nF |
| 2uF | 1 nF |
| 20uF | 10nF |
| 200uF | 100nF |
| 2mF | ±(5% of rdg + 15 digit ) | 1uF |

Overload protection ：250Vvirtual value.

3.2.6 **FREQ**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Range | Accuracy | Resolution |
| 200Hz | ±(0.5% of rdg + 5digit ) | 0.1Hz |
| 2kHz | 1 Hz |
| 20kHz | 10 Hz |
| 200kHz | 10 0Hz |
| 2MHz | 1k Hz |
| 20MHz | 10k Hz |

Overload protection ：250Vvirtual value, input delicacy:2V。

Caution：Don`t measure frequency is above 20V



3．2．7 **Diode positive voltage**

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| Display of similar diode positive voltage. Measuring condition：positive DC electric current 1mA，reverse DC voltage approximate 2.2V。 |

3．2．8 **Continuity Test** 蜂鸣

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| When the transited resistance is smaller than about 50Ω,the buzzer beeps. Test condition: Open-circuit voltage is about 2V. |

**Ⅳ．Application method**

（1） jaws （2）Trigger

（3） Rotary switch：This switch is used to select functions

（4） “SELECT” button: When push the key continuously, change the range of all function for a proper range you need.

（5）“RANGE” button: One may change the measuring range by pressing this button, push this key to cycle from small to large range of each function

（6）MAX-MIN button: This is the maximum and minimum data hold button that acts in a trigger mode. Press this key to display the MAX value, and then press this key to display the MIN value. Press the MAX/MIN button for more than 2 seconds to exit the data logging mode.

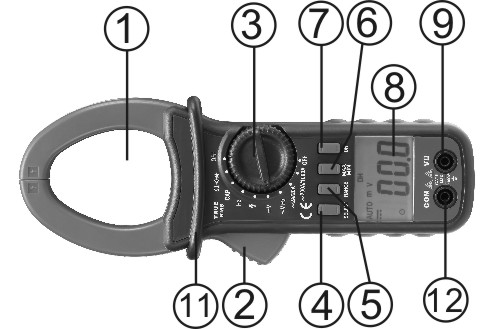
（7） “DH” button: The user may hold the present reading and keep it on the display by push the “DH” button. Press the button again to cancel the data-hold function

（8）LCD

（9）“VΩ”jack: This is positive input terminal

(10) “COM” jack: This is negative (ground) input terminal

（11）Barrier



**4.2 DC/AC voltage measure**

Turn the Rotary switch to “V”. Then plug black lead in “COM” socket, and plug red lead in “VΩ” socket. connect the test lead with the two ends of the circuit and then directly read the reading on the LCD display .

If manually choose measuring scope is needed, press RANGE key to choose.

警告.jpgDon't measure the peak voltage more than 1000V, otherwise it might damage the instrument, if the screen only displays OL, it means that the tested voltage is higher thanDC1010V and AC760V.

3. Push the SELECT key in the ACV function to enter the voltage frequency measurement mode, it can measure the frequency range from 10Hz to 20KHz with voltage higher than AC 2V.

**4.3 Measurement of AC current**

Turn the range switch into the range “~200A/600A”, clamp the wire of the measured current, shall put the wire into the center of the completely closing clamp mouth as soon as possible, directly get the reading. When the reading is less, turn the range switch at ~2A/20A range to measure again.

Note:1. When measuring current ,the clamp might hold only one wire, it is null to catch one more another wire



**4.4 Resistances**

1. turn the Range switch to the range to Ω蜂鸣 position, and this time the measuring appliance will be set for the resistance measuring range.
2. Insert red lead into the VΩ jack, black lead into " COM " jack.
3. Connect the pen with the beginnings and ends of the test circuit to read the resistance value.
4. If the manual choice measuring range scope is needed, push RANGE to choose.

When the leads is overloaded input, display monitor can display " OL ".

**4．5 Measurement of forward voltage of diode**

（1）turn the Range switch to “Ω蜂鸣 ”position. push “SELECT” key to measuring range. insert the red lead to “V/Ω” jack，insert the black lead to “COM” jack.（red pen “+”）

（2）connect the test leads to the two ends of the measured to read positive voltage.

(3) when the diode is reverse connected or the input end leads the way, the display monitor can display " OL ".

**4．6 Continuity Testing**

（1）Turn the Range switch to “Ω蜂鸣 ”position, push “SELECT” key to measuring range. Insert red lead to “VΩ” jack，insert black lead to “COM” Jack.

(2)If the measured resistance is less than about 50Ω，the buzzer will beep. This is continuity testing..

Caution：



a. when the input end leads the way, it displays “OL”。

b. the measured circuit should be measured under the off-power condition ，because any overload signal would make the buzzer beep, thus cause wrong measure.

**4. 7 Capacitance measure**

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| **Warning**！When measure the electric capacity, must guarantee the measured capacitor has sent the electricity out, if the big electric capacity contains the oversized non-electric capacity ingredient, possibly affects the measuring accuracy. |

（1）turn the Range switch to “CAP” position .

ouchonly the figure’（2）insert the red lead to “VΩ” jack，insert black lead to “COM” jack.

（3）connect the test leads to the two ends of the measured capacitor，could get the capacity value.

（4）capacity position can not set the measuring range manually, no simulation strip display. when the capacity value is big, the measure may need about 10 seconds .

**4.6 Measurement of frequency**

（1）Turn the Rotary switch to “Hz” function.

（2）Plug red test lead in “VΩ” terminal and plug black lead in “COM” terminal.

（3）Connect the leads with measured circuit and then read the reading.

(4)when the voltage exceeding 20V, please enter the Voltage  frequency measurement  mode by push the SELECT key in the “ACV” measurement function.

**4.10 Phase line recognition**

Turn the Rotary switch to the “” function, then the LCD display “EF”, Insert the red test lead into the VΩ jack. The black test lead can`t be used. The red test lead is in contact with or close to the live conductor or the electrical switch or socket. When a voltage is detected, the meter displays “---”. When the higher the induced voltage, the more the number of "-" is displayed, the denser the buzzer alarm sound flicker.

Caution:



1. Even if there is no indication, voltage may still exist. Do not judge the wire whether there is voltage absolutely through the non contact voltage testing, the testing may be effected by many factors such as the socket design, the insulation thickness and types etc.

2. Interference source of external environment, such as flash, motor etc, may false trigged the non contact voltage testing.

**Ⅴ．Maintenance**

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| 警告.jpg**warning**！before open the cover or the battery cover, cut off the power source and test pen and any input signal, in case electric shock. |

5．1 when the meter displays “”，must replace the battery. Open the battery cover, replace with the same type new battery to keep it work well.

5．2 keep the meter and test pen clean, dry and not damaged, could use the clean cloth or cleanser to clean the cover，do not use abrasive or solvent.

5．3 avoid damage, shake, shock，avoid high temperature and strong magnetic field.

5．4 should be corrected at least once per year

**Ⅵ. Accessories**

6.1 Test lead: 1 set

6.2 users manual: 1 piece